

## ALGRIM TERCENTENARY AT PLYMOUTH

## Heavy Snow Storm Whirling Eastward

LANDING OF FATHERS  
AT HISTORIC ROCK 300  
YEARS AGO, OBSERVEDWHITE YULE  
FORECASTED  
BY PLUVIUS

Weather Bureau Announces Abundant Fall During Night.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—A heavy snowstorm in the middle west forecast for late this afternoon and evening. Strong easterly winds, occasionally veering slightly to the north, are driving dark-grey wintry clouds, and a considerable fall is expected before morning. Heavy storms in the southwest have been reported early today and the center is gradually moving eastward, being due to reach the states bordering on the Mississippi valley late this afternoon and early this evening. The storm is expected to continue late into the night.

A white Christmas for the states of the northern middle west is prophesied, lighter snows the latter part of the week being indicated to follow the more severe storm tonight.

A white Christmas, which received this afternoon the Argus from Chicago indicates that a heavy snow storm tonight and probably later in the week will insure a white Christmas.

At this, the first day of winter, many must have told the weather man that winter was on today. The first snow fall of the season was recorded this morning with a prediction from the weather forecast that this night it will be much colder with the lowest temperature about five degrees above zero. The northwest winds are expected to bring the temperature still further, but will let up Wednesday.

Outside of the slips taking every step on the way to work or shopping this afternoon, no record of serious accidents have been reported. The Tri-City Railway officials received no report of accidents or near accidents due to icy rails or skidding machines.

From all indications there will be several inches of snow for Saturday. The Chicago dispatch is the latest for today, coming later than the report this morning. The report, although coming this afternoon and tonight, will be followed, it is believed, by lighter snow.

The lowest temperature last night was 25 degrees above zero. The thermometer came down through by noon. The highest temperature for yesterday was 30 degrees above zero.

CLARA COMING  
ON CHRISTMAS

After Missing Ardmore Woman  
Hears From Daughter Who  
Will Face Court Trial.

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 21.—Mrs. J. Smith, mother of Clara Smith, missing in Ardmore, Okla., on a charge of murder in connection with the fatal shooting of Jake Hamilton, said today that she knew her daughter was, that she had heard from her and that Clara would spend Christmas in the United States with her family.

"We have heard from Clara Smith," Mrs. Smith said, "and she is coming to El Paso and then to Ardmore to see her father. She will be with us Christmas. We are expecting her in a few days. She is somewhere in Texas. I don't know just where, but she is in Mexico alright and her father is with her."

J. L. Smith, Clara Smith's father, declared that he had not heard from his daughter and did not know where she was.

"I saw her at Ardmore to Buck Smith, sheriff at Ardmore to come here," Mrs. Smith said.

M'ADOO GIVES  
EXPRESSION TO  
PRESENT VIEWS

States Opinions On Economic Situation, Favors Tax Reduction.

New York, Dec. 21.—(United Press)—William G. McAdoo, in response to a request for his views regarding the present economic situation, today declared:

"A more liberal policy about domestic credits ought now to be pursued.

"Our foreign trade should be stimulated and enlarged.

"The war finance corporation should be revived to assist it.

"The German indemnity should be defined as quickly as possible so that the central European markets may be opened to our farmers, manufacturers and business men.

"Trade relations with Russia should be resumed as promptly as possible.

"A large part of the floating debt of the treasury should be funded.

"Taxation ought to be reduced and readjusted at this session of congress.

McAdoo said that if these steps were taken promptly he believed "the present distressing situation" would be greatly relieved.

"As I see the situation the country cannot look with indifference upon the distressing situation which the farmers find themselves because of the tremendous shrinkage in the value of agricultural products," McAdoo said.

"We cannot excuse inaction nor dismiss the matter with a mere observation that deflation is necessary and that farmers must take their medicine along with the rest of the country.

Colossal Losses.

"When colossal losses like those the farmers are now sustaining overtake them every line of industry suffers. A more liberal policy about credits should be put into effect immediately. I think the reserve bank rates could be prudently reduced and that member banks could be safely encouraged to make loans on agricultural products and to business generally on reasonable time to those who can give adequate security. I think restoration of war finance corporation is desirable.

"So long as the amount of the German indemnity remains unsettled there can be no economic rehabilitation of the central powers and their buying power is reduced to a minimum.

"It is not necessary to recognize the soviet government to re-establish trade relations with Russia. Why should we refuse to let people in distress in Russia or elsewhere buy our products, if they can pay for them, no matter what the government they may choose for themselves?

"Of course, taxes ought to be re-adjusted and reduced. Last March I publicly advocated funding a large part of our floating debt. The tax burden can be lightened by funding \$2,000,000,000 of the floating debt during the next two years.

Taxes should be reduced at this session of congress. There is no excuse for delay."

MUST REDRAFT  
EDMONDS BILL

House Ways and Means Committee Recommends Measure to Defeat Federal Tax Payments.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The house ways and means committee voted today to recommend for redrafting the Edmonds bill proposing to defer the date when penalties become effective for failure to pay federal taxes.

Representative Greene, Republican of Iowa, explained that as the bill was reported to the house, it would defer penalties on all uncollected taxes of this and previous years, although it was intended to apply only to taxes on this year's incomes and profits.

Representative Garner, Democrat of Texas, said this instance showed the committee not to "report out innocent-looking little resolutions without giving them the same consideration as those which appear to be important."

"What have you brought me from abroad?" he asked the princess. "Papa," was her laconic reply.

NEW WORLD RECORD.  
Seattle, Wash., Dec. 21.—(United Press).—H. T. Graves, a grain broker, who has just returned from Jaurez, today said he had in connection with the death of John L. Hamon, in a restaurant at Mexican city.

"I examined her out to me," Graves said. "I examined her picture in a newspaper later and am sure that the woman I saw was Clara Smith Hamon."

HOME RULE  
BILL WAITS  
ON ROYALTY

King's Signature to Make Irish Measure Into Law—More disorders.

London, Dec. 21.—The Irish home rule, as slightly modified by the house of lords, was adopted by the house of commons today. The measure now needs only the royal signature to become a law.

Dublin, Dec. 21.—(United Press).—Reports of the biggest battle yet fought in the present Sinn Fein uprising, which occurred at Mullinahone on Sunday night, were still fragmentary and conflicting today.

At least 10 Sinn Feiners were killed and 30 wounded or captured, while the British casualties were variously estimated at from eight killed and many wounded to but one seriously and several slightly wounded. The Irish were said to have been routed.

Heavy military reinforcements and numbers of ambulances were still enroute to the scene last night, which is located in an isolated mountainous district of Tipperary and has been a Sinn Fein stronghold.

According to some reports a Sinn Fein force had prepared an ambush but was in turn surprised by the soldiers. The battle opened just at dusk and apparently lasted for some time, the Sinn Feiners fighting desperately despite the disadvantage of their position.

Advices from Colonel Bailey in Tipperary said that two civilians were killed there when they ignored a challenge of a sentry.

Not On Ship.

Cherbourg, Dec. 21.—(United Press).—The liner Aquitania, upon which Edmond de Valera was reported enroute from New York to France, is in port. De Valera was not on the ship, close examination showed.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Results of a recent first-hand investigation of conditions in Ireland by representatives of the British branch of the Women's International League were sought by the commission of the committee of 100 investigating the question on resuming hearings here today.

The witnesses were Miss Ellen C. Wilkinson and Mrs. Annette Erskine of Manchester, England, the latter of whom made a special study of conditions in Ulster.

Appearance of the committee later in the week has been arranged for Misses Annie and Susan Walsh, sister-in-law of the late Lord Mayor McCurtain of Cork, who will arrive here tonight. The two women were eye-witnesses of the lord mayor's killing.

Burn Ballinalee.

London, Dec. 21.—The Press association's Dublin correspondent quoted a dispatch from Tullist, County Roscommon, as saying that crown forces burned the village of Ballinalee, county Longford, early this morning, as a reprisal for the recent attack on the police barracks there in which one constable was killed and three wounded.

Shops and houses were destroyed, the dispatch states, some outlying farm houses burned and stock shot. The military commander and most of the inhabitants fled, according to the dispatch.

BRINGS "PAPA"  
HOME TO GREEKS

Youthful Princess Answers Premier Rhaialis—Cabinet Tenders King Resignation.

Athens, Dec. 21.—Premier Rhaialis yesterday tendered to King Constantine, the resignation of the Greek cabinet, but was requested to remain in office until parliament begins its session.

During his visit to the palace, M. Rhaialis encountered Princess Catherine, youngest daughter of Constantine.

"What have you brought me from abroad?" he asked the princess. "Papa," was her laconic reply.

NEW WORLD RECORD.  
Seattle, Wash., Dec. 21.—(United Press).—H. T. Graves, a grain broker, who has just returned from Jaurez, today said he had in connection with the death of John L. Hamon, in a restaurant at Mexican city.

"I examined her out to me," Graves said. "I examined her picture in a newspaper later and am sure that the woman I saw was Clara Smith Hamon."

DEATH TRAILS  
SICILIAN FEUD  
FROM OVER SEAS

Vendetta Transferred From Italy to Dallas Nearly Claims Prey.

Dallas, Texas, Dec. 21.—(United Press).—Death which has trailed a Sicilian feud across two continents, all but claimed another victim here today.

Joe Roggero, grocer, lay in a hospital fatally wounded, physicians believed. Roggero was shot in front of his store late last night by an unknown gunman, a charge of buckshot entering his face and shoulders.

Vito Campanella, Sr., father of Vito Campanella, who was killed in Roggero's store last September, was taken into custody by police but later released as police said he established an alibi. Roggero was under bond for the killing of young Campanella.

Less than a year ago the Campanellas and Roggeros fought a battle on the streets of Kansas City. Men in an automobile opened fire on the Campanellas, who were walking on a downtown street. The Campanellas returned the fire, wounding a brother-in-law of Roggero, who was shot here last night.

In 1910 Campanella, Sr., was a coal dealer in Kansas City, according to police. He received a black-hand letter demanding \$5,000 but instead of paying the money over, sold his personal property there, and came to Dallas. A few nights later a man who bought a team of horses from Campanella was shot and killed, local police assert.

Dallas Vendetta.

The vendetta was transferred to Dallas a few months later when Sam Restivo, a relative of Roggero, was shot as the Restivos-Roggero clan met Vito Campanella on the street here. Young Vito Campanella was under indictment for this shooting when killed.

Police today admitted it was a complete mystery as to who shot Roggero last night, but believe there is little doubt the tragedy resulted from the feud. The gunman came here from Kansas City or some other city, possibly, they said.

The Roggero-Campanella feud began in Italy, where the two families were close friends and neighbors, according to police information.

GIVE DE MELLO  
BURIAL HONORS

Special Services Will Mark Funeral of Brazilian Who Lost Life With Yanks.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Special services will mark the funeral here Thursday of Private Viriato Claudio de Mello, a native of Brazil, who died while serving with the American forces in Germany. Secretary Baker and representatives of the state department and the Brazilian embassy will attend the funeral.

In recognition of the traditional friendship between Brazil and the United States, as well as of the support given by that nation to the American government and the allies against the central powers, the war department's announcement said.

DeMello served with the American expeditionary forces throughout the war.

WILL BE FREE CHRISTMAS.

McAlester, Okla., Dec. 21.—(United Press).—Twenty-eight prisoners in the state penitentiary will spend Christmas as free men by the grace of Governor Robertson. Nearly all of them had but a few days or weeks more to serve after Christmas and the Oklahoma executive granted pardons that they might spend the holidays at home—if they had any.

## THE WEATHER

Considerable snow indicated for this afternoon and evening.

Snow and much colder tonight with a cold wave, lowest temperature about 5 to 10 degrees above zero. Wednesday generally fair and colder. Strong northwest winds tonight diminishing Wednesday.

Highest yesterday, 30; lowest last night, 25. Wind velocity at 7 a. m., 18 miles per hour. Precipitation last 24 hours, .14 inch.

12 m. 7 p.m. 7 a.m.  
Dry bulb temp. . . . . 27 25 25  
Wet bulb temp. . . . . 23 25 25  
Relative humid. . . . . 53 50 56

River Forecast.  
River stage, 5, a fall of 3 last 24 hours.

J. M. SHEPHERD, Meteorologist.

U. S. HEART  
OF WORLD'S  
COMMERCE

Foreign Trade for 1920 Is Reported Larger Than Any Previous Year.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The United States has been made the heart of the world's business by the westward trend of commercial affairs and has reached the stage in its industrial and commercial development where the maintenance of foreign outlets is necessary to continued domestic prosperity, Director R. S. MacIver of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce of the department of commerce, announced today in his annual report.

Declaring that the present stagnation in the business world was only a passing phase insofar as this country was concerned, Director MacIver urged that the development of foreign markets be taken up with renewed vigor.

"Our foreign trade in the fiscal year of 1920, with a total value of \$13,349,641,491, was larger than in any previous year," he said. "It exceeded by \$3,000,000,000 the former high record in 1919, and was more than three times the value of the combined imports and exports in 1914, the last year before the war."

"Many people are more interested now than they were a year ago in foreign commerce. There were a few firms who had the foresight to take out life insurance while they were in good health. Others now wish they had done so. The only real insurance that will spread the risk of depression—between the crests of the waves of domestic demand is the affording of a substantial quota of the firms product for foreign commerce and the building up in the world's markets of a selling organization and clientele that will not necessarily fluctuate with the waves of demand at home."

Depression After War.

"A depression regularly follows a great war, and its time of occurrence may be estimated, from historical analogies, as about two to three years after the close of hostilities. We are not going to have a panic in the United States, but we certainly feel the kind of reaction that the surgeons call shock after an operation."

To meet the increased demands of business and carry on the work of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce \$1,493,270 was asked of congress for the next fiscal year. That is an increase of more than half a million dollars over the present year's appropriations. Of the total for next year \$1,100,000 would be spent for commercial attaches abroad and for the promotion of commerce.

It is proposed to double the number of commercial attaches making 24, and to increase the number of trade commissioners abroad by 17, making a total of 56, while commercial agents would be tripled with a total of 33.

Estimates include \$300,000 for commercial attaches, \$500,000 for promoting commerce in general, \$150,000 for promoting commerce in Central and South America and \$150,000 for promoting commerce in the far east. The increased appropriations would permit greatly intensified development of markets for American goods in Latin America and the far east which are considered the most promising fields for American commercial effort at this time, the report stated.

Traces Trade.

Going back 300 years, Director MacIver traced the center of commercial supremacy from Phoenicia westward to London where it had been since between 1651 and 1700 and said the last war had moved the center of commerce westward again, the predominant interests at the present time being on the Pacific in addition to the Atlantic. Analysis show, he said, the reason for the rise of nations that successfully dominated the world's commerce to be that they were situated at the crossroads of transportation; that they developed their merchant marine and a navy to protect it; that they possessed the raw materials needed to supply the wants of man, and developed the arts and crafts to shape these raw materials into the form in which man could use them.

"We are spared out across the paths of the westerly movement in the destiny of commerce," Director MacIver said. "As to natural resources and the skill of our artisans, these need no comment. Despite high wages, Yankee ingenuity and American ability to organize mass production with improved labor-saving machinery have made it possible for us, for many years, to dominate the world's commerce in such articles as harvesting machinery, sewing machines, cash registers, typewriters, office supplies, automobiles, and many other kinds of goods."

FAVORS TRADE  
AGREEMENT TO  
GET DEBT PAID

Longworth Advocates Pact With Allies to Secure 12 Billion.

Washington, Dec. 21.—(United Press).—Reciprocal trade agreements with the allies to aid in the payment of more than \$12,000,000,000 due the United States government and business interests in this country were advocated in the house today by Representative Nicholas Longworth, Ohio, a member of the ways and means committee.

Such agreement, he said, should be part of a general revision of the tariff laws, which he estimated could be made high enough to raise \$350,000,000 more than the present customs or about \$700,000,000.

The reciprocal trade agreement, he proposed, would give the allies advantages over other nations in American markets in exchange for similar concessions granted the United States abroad.

Attacking free trade proposals, Longworth said:

"I do not think that it is quite respectful for the debtor countries to assume that their debts, properly and honorably contracted, are not to be paid in full. But if it should eventuate that the only possible way to collect these debts would be to surrender to the nations of the world the home markets of America, I should say let us sacrifice every cent of the money owed us rather than sacrifice our industrial independence."

"President Wilson proposes that we take down the bars against the world in order to enable certain nations of Europe to dispose of \$13,000,000 worth of goods here. Against such a policy the American people have recorded themselves by an emphatic and tremendous majority as I interpret the recent election."

"We have received specific instructions with regard to the policy of the protective tariff as laid down by President McKinley, but I believe it to be in no way inconsistent that if we shall determine to legislate so far as the tariff is concerned, with a view to making the debts of the allies more easy of collection that it is through reciprocal trade agreements that we can most effectively accomplish it."

RAILROADS  
DONOT EARN  
6 PER CENT

Receivership Looms for New England Lines Unless Relief Comes.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE.  
(Special to The Argus).

Washington, Dec. 20.—Questions raised by practically all the New England railroads before the interstate commerce commission indicate that the entire financial policy of congress toward the railroads of the whole country as declared in the transportation act may break down unless relief of some kind is immediately forthcoming.

Congress plainly said that the railroads of the country should earn at least 5 1/2 per cent on the value of their property. The New England railroads have confessed before the interstate commerce commission that they are earning nothing as a whole and are insisting that all the other railroads east of the Mississippi should be compelled to give up at least \$25,000,000 in revenue on freight rates to enable the New England lines to meet their deficit.

But the other railroads, on the other hand, contend that they, too, are failing by many millions to earn the 6 per cent which congress intended and they claim there isn't going to be any surplus revenue to divide with the New England group of roads. In fact, the eastern railroads which include some of the most important lines of the country, have been so hard hit by the sharp decline in freight shipments since October that they contend they are earning less than 5 per cent on the value of their property, and a serious question has been raised as to whether the interstate commerce commission will not find it necessary to award another general increase in freight rates in order to carry out the command of congress that the railroads should get at least 5 1/2 per cent on their investment.

Rate Increase.

The eastern railroads have further contended that the New England lines ought to increase their rates.

(Continued On Page Ten.)

MARKHAM SAYS  
ACT WILL SOLVE  
RAIL PROBLEM

President of Illinois Central Upholds New 1920 Law.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 21.—Declaring that the transportation act of 1920 recognizes that the railroads need protection, as well as regulation, and gives to the interstate commerce commission powers and duties which "will do much to up-build the railroad industry," Charles H. Markham, president of the Illinois Central railroad, expressed the belief before the Noonday Luncheon club here today that the act would tend to solve the railroad problems of the country.

"We have faith in the transportation act," Mr. Markham declared. "The railroads suffered from the war, inadequate rates, strikes and lack of equipment; but, faced with these obstacles, the railroads accomplished a task that seemed almost miraculous. The supply of transportation now exceeds the demand for the first time in five years."

Public Support.

"The predicted business revival of 1921 will make heavy demands on the railroads, but I believe the carriers will be able to move a larger business than during the last year. But the railways can not solve their problems without the support of the public."

"Too much regulation by the interstate commerce commission and not enough protection will ruin many railways. If the shippers and the carriers take hospital attitudes we may expect the commission to apply the laws haltingly. If there is a fair degree of cooperation, its influence will secure a wise, efficient and successful administration of the law."

VISION OF PILGRIMS.

In stately measures Dean Briggs set forth the vision of the Pilgrims and their prayerful determination: "Freedom Thy new-born nation here shall cherish;

Grant us Thy covenant, un-chartered, sure;  
Earth shall deem the firmament shall perish;  
Freedom and Truth, immortal shall endure."

The answer of their descendants to this challenge came in these words:

"The Pilgrim's faith, the Pilgrim's courage grant us;  
Still shines the truth that for the we are pilgrim, none,  
We are pilgrim, none, life nor death shall daunt us;  
The port is Freedom; Pilgrim heart, sail on!"

The official party came from Boston on a special train and proceeded immediately to the old Colony Theatre, where the exercises were held. In their number, in addition to the speakers of the day, were official representatives of Great Britain and Holland, several New England governors, members of the New England judiciary, Senator Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama and members of patriotic societies, including the Society of Mayflower Descendants. The presiding officer was Louis K. Liggett of Boston, chairman of the Massachusetts Pilgrim Tercentenary Commission.

After the formal exercises the guests of the day were entertained at luncheon. The remainder of the day they gave over to a pilgrimage to Plymouth Rock, the Cole's Hill Burying Ground and other parts of the town intimately connected with the Pilgrims' history.

Lodge's Address.

Senator Lodge touched upon "the peevish, meaningless objection" that if the great men of history had not accomplished the specific deeds attached to their names "somebody else would have done all these things" and continued:

(Continued On Page Two.)

SELECT SMITH  
FOR CANADA JOB

Arizona Senator Will Be Made Member of International Joint Commission by President.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Senator Marcus A. Smith of Arizona is understood to have been selected by President Wilson as a member of the international joint commission which deals with certain questions arising between the United States and Canada, such as fisheries and the like.

Senator Smith's present term of office will expire next March 3, and he is expected to enter on his new duties immediately afterward. His appointment has not yet been made, but it will be to fill a vacancy.

After serving eight terms as a delegate in congress from the then territory of Arizona, Senator Smith was elected to the senate in 1912, and was reelected two years later. He is a Democrat.

USE TIME BOMB  
TO WRECK STORE

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 21.—(United Press).—What police declare was a time bomb exploded in front of a shoe store conducted by Harry Sachs in the business district early today, causing \$15,000 damage. The front part of the building was wrecked. A hole was blown in the roof and a cavity several feet deep blown in the pavement. A number of buildings in the vicinity suffered considerable damage, mostly from broken glass.

No theory in connection with the placing of the bomb had been advanced at an early hour.

## Orations Delivered by Senator Lodge and Governor Coolidge.

Plymouth, Mass., Dec. 21.—On the shore of Plymouth Bay, where "the breaking waves dashed high" when the Pilgrims set foot on Plymouth Rock on Dec. 21, 1620, their descendants joined with other distinguished men of this generation in America, Great Britain and Holland in observing today with due solemnity the tercentenary of their landing. The orator was Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, a successor in representation in the senate from Massachusetts of Daniel Webster, who delivered the famous "Plymouth Oration" at the two hundredth anniversary.

An address was delivered by Governor Calvin Coolidge, vice president-elect, and a poem, "1620-1920," was read by Dean Leonard R. Briggs of the faculty of arts and sciences of Harvard University. Hymns appropriate to the occasion were sung, including the "Land of the Pilgrims" by Mrs. Felicia Hemans, known to every American school boy and girl for generations.

Senator Lodge gave a scholarly outline of the Pilgrim story and in drawing from it a lesson for present day America he pointed out that "they set character first, 'sought to give men freedom both in body and mind' and 'tried to reduce the sum of human misery.'"

"Whatever our faith," he said, "whatever our belief in progress, there can be no nobler purpose for man than thus to deal with the only earth he knows and the fragment of time awarded him here. While the great republic is true in heart and deed to the memory of the Pilgrims of Plymouth it will take no detriment even from the hand of time."

VISION OF PILGRIMS.

In stately measures Dean Briggs set forth the vision of the Pilgrims and their prayerful determination: "Freedom Thy new-born nation here shall cherish;

Grant us Thy covenant, un-chartered, sure;  
Earth shall deem the firmament shall perish;  
Freedom and Truth, immortal shall endure."

The answer of their descendants to this challenge came in these words:

"The Pilgrim's faith, the Pilgrim's courage grant us;  
Still shines the truth that for the we are pilgrim, none,  
We are pilgrim, none, life nor death shall daunt us;  
The port is Freedom; Pilgrim heart, sail on!"

The official party came from Boston on a special train and proceeded immediately to the old Colony Theatre, where the exercises were held. In their number, in addition to the speakers of the day, were official representatives of Great Britain and Holland, several New England governors, members of the New England judiciary, Senator Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama and members of patriotic societies, including the Society of Mayflower Descendants. The presiding officer was Louis K. Liggett of Boston, chairman of the Massachusetts Pilgrim Tercentenary Commission.

After the formal exercises the guests of the day were entertained at luncheon. The remainder of the day they gave over to a pilgrimage to Plymouth Rock, the Cole's Hill Burying Ground and other parts of the town intimately connected with the Pilgrims' history.

Lodge's Address.

Senator Lodge touched upon "the peevish, meaningless objection" that if the great men of history had not accomplished the specific deeds attached to their names "somebody else would have done all these things" and continued:

(Continued On Page Two.)

URGENT MARTIN FOR POST.

Washington, Dec. 21.—(United Press).—The chief of militia, the office for which General Charles I. Martin of Kansas has been prominently mentioned, will not be named until after the first of the year, Secretary of War Baker said today.

The appointment will be made by President Wilson on Baker's recommendation, and Baker has given no indication he will give Martin the place, although the latter claims to have endorsement of two-thirds of the state governors. In addition, Senator Curtis, Representative Anthony, both Kansans, have been urging Martin.

Baker is said to favor an eastern man.

PARTLY